Greenwich-Stow Creek Partnership Schools

Fifth Grade English Language Arts Curriculum



Approved by the Board of Education Stow Creek Board of Education: 8-22-2024 Greenwich Board of Education: 8-21-2024

Greenwich Stow Creek Partnership School, Grade 5 45 Davs Volume 1: Modules 1-3 Module 1: "Inventors at Work" Students will learn to: explain what kinds of circumstances push people to create new inventions. write a research report. spell words with long a and long e and long i and long o. demonstrate command of the conventions of writing. Module 2: "What a Story" Students will learn to: explain how genre affects the way a story is told. • write a fictional narrative spell words with /ou/ /o/ /oi/ and r-controlled vowels /or/ /ar/ /ar/ patterns demonstrate the conventions of writing Module 3: "Natural Disasters" explain how learning about natural disasters makes us safe. write a research report. spell words with homophones, compound words, and VCCV patterns. Demonstrate command of the conventions of writing.

Learning Targets New Jersey Student Learning Standards

Focus Standards:

Reading Literature:

RL.CR.5.1. Quote accurately from a literary text when explaining what the text says explicitly and make relevant connections when drawing inferences from the text.

RL.Cl.5.2. Determine the theme of a literary text (e.g., stories, plays or poetry) and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.

RL.IT.5.3. Analyze the impact of two or more individuals and events throughout the course of a text, comparing and contrasting two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific textual evidence (e.g., how characters interact).

RL.TS.5.4. Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem.

RL.PP.5.5. Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described, and how that may influence the reader's interpretation.

RI.MF.5.6. Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, timelines, animations, or interactive elements on web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears.

RL.CT.5.8. Compare and contrast the authors' approaches across two or more literary texts within the same genre or about the same or similar topics.

Reading Informational Text:

RI.CR.5.1. Quote accurately from an informational text when explaining what the text says explicitly and make relevant connections when drawing inferences from the text. RI.CI.5.2 Determine the central idea of an informational text and explain how it is supported by law datailes supported to the text.

key details; summarize the text.

RI.IT.5.3. Analyze the impact of two or more individuals and events throughout the course of a text, explaining the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific evidence in the text. RI.TS.5.4. Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts. RI.PP.5.5 Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent and how that may influence the reader's interpretation.

RI.MF.5.6. Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, timelines, animations, or interactive elements on web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears.

RI.AA.5.7. Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s).

RI.CT.5.8. Compare and contrast the authors' approaches across two or more informational texts within the same genre or about texts on the same or similar topics.

Writing:

W.AW.5.1. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.

- A. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose.
- B. Provide logically ordered reasons that are supported by facts and details from text(s), quote directly from text when appropriate.
- C. Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., consequently, specifically).
- D. Provide a conclusion related to the opinion presented.

W.IW.5.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

- A. Introduce a topic clearly to provide a focus and group related information logically; include text features such as headings, illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aid in comprehension.
- B. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.
- C. Link ideas within paragraphs and sections of information using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., in contrast, especially).
- D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- E. Provide a conclusion related to the information of explanation presented.

W.NW.5.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.

- A. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
- B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
- C. Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events.
- D. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
- E. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.

W.WP.5.4. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

A. Consider audience, purpose, and intent before writing.

- B. Plan appropriately to use specialized, topic-specific language appropriate for the audience, purpose and subject matter.
- C. Consider writing as a process, including self-evaluation, revision and editing.
- D. With adult and peer feedback, and digital or print tools such as a dictionary, thesaurus, and/or spell checker, evaluate whether the writing achieved its goal and make changes in content or form as necessary.
- E. After initial drafting, expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, audience, and style.

W.WR.5.5. Establish a central idea about a topic, investigation, issue or event and use several sources to support the proposed central idea.

W.SE.5.6. Gather relevant information from multiple valid and reliable print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, making note of any similarities and differences among ideas presented; and provide a list of sources.

W.RW.5.7. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Speaking and Listening:

SL.PE.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

- A. Explicitly draw on previously read text or material and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
- B. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.
- C. Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others.
- D. Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions.

SL.II.5.2. Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally).

SL.ES.5.3. Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence.

SL.PI.5.4. Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.

SL.UM.5.5. Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes. SL.AS.5.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to task and situation.

Language:

L.RF.5.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding and encoding words; use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.

L.RF.5.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.

- A. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
- B. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression.
- C. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

L.WF.5.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of writing, including those listed under grade four foundational skills.

- A. Avoid fragments, run-ons and rambling sentences, and comma splices.
- B. Maintain consistency in verb tense; place phrases and clauses; choose between adjectives and adverbs.
- C. Ensure agreement between subject and verb and between pronoun and antecedent.

- D. Distinguish between frequently confused words.
- E. Use idiomatic language and choose words for effect; use punctuating for meaning and effect.
- F. Use punctuation to separate items in a series; use commas in a series of phrases or clauses.
- G. Use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence; use a comma to set off the words yes and no (e.g., Yes, thank you), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., It's true, isn't it?), and to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Emma?).
- H. Spell grade appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.

L.KL.5.1. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.

- A. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases.
- B. Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
- C. Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g., dialects, registers) used in stories, dramas, or poems.

L.VL.5.2. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning academic and domain-specific words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

- A. Use context (e.g., cause/effect relationships and comparisons in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- B. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., photograph, photosynthesis).
- C. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.

L.VI.5.3. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

- A. Interpret figurative language, including similes and metaphors, in context.
- B. Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.
- C. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words.

Essential Questions	Enduring Understandings
 <u>Spelling</u> Why is it important to use correct spelling? How can usage of spelling rules and patterns improve written communication? What are the benefits of using resources to improve your spelling? <u>Grammar</u> What is the purpose of applying grammar and mechanics skills? <u>Reading</u> What connections do readers make? 	 Language Domain Reading Foundational Skills Develop understanding and conceptual knowledge of phonics, syllabication patterns, letter-sound correspondences, word analysis, morphology, and other basic conventions of written English. Writing Foundational Skills develop understanding and conceptual knowledge of print, phonological processing, letter formation and handwriting, and other basic conventions of the English writing system. Systems and Structures demonstrate command of grammar and usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling. Knowledge of Languages

0	How does word choice impact	 apply knowledge
	the overall meaning of the	command of voca
	text?	how language fur
0	Why is determining the	contexts, to make
	author's purpose key to	meaning or style,
	understanding what you	more fully when r
	read?	Vocabulary for Literal Me
0	When you read, why is it	 determine the me
	important to ask yourself,	multiple-meaning
	"Why did the author write this	of word parts (mo
	piece?"	strategies, and co
0	How do details help you	specialized refere
	understand the meaning of a passage?	appropriate.
0	Why is determining the	Vocabulary for Interpretiv
0	central idea of a passage	 interpret figurative
	important?	meanings, includ
0	How does determining the	based on word re context.
0	central idea help you	context.
	understand what you read?	Reading
0	How does the point of view	Critical Reading
-	influence how the event is	 read closely to de
	told?	says explicitly and
Writing		inferences and re
0	How do I write	from it; cite speci
	informative/explanatory texts	when writing or s
	to examine a topic and	conclusions draw
	convey ideas, concepts, and	Central Ideas and Theme
	information clearly?	 determine central
0	How do I develop and	text and analyze
	analyze the topic to aid	summarize the ke
	comprehension	and ideas.
	using: facts? definitions? co	Interactions Among Text
	ncrete	 analyze how and
	details? quotations? other	events, and ideas
	information and	over the course o
	examples? graphics? multim edia?	Text Structure
0	How do I draw evidence from	 analyze the struct
0	literary or informational texts	how specific sent
	to support analysis, reflection,	larger portions of
	and research?	section, chapter,
 Speakir 	ng and Listening	to each other and
0 0	How can asking and	Perspectives and Purpos
0	answering questions support	 assess how persy
	understanding?	shapes the conte
0	How can I add to a	Diverse Media and Forma
-	conversation?	 synthesize conter media and format
0	Why is it important to	and quantitatively
	describe people, places,	Analysis of an Argument
	things, and events with	evaluate the argument
	details?	claims in a text, ir
		the reasoning, the

- of language and abulary to understand nctions in different e effective choices for and to comprehend reading or listening. aning eaning of unknown and
- words using analysis orphemes), word solving onsulting general and ence materials, as

e Meaning

e and connotative word ling shades of meaning elationships and

Domain

etermine what the text d to make logical elevant connections ific textual evidence speaking to support vn from the text.

es of Text

al ideas or themes of a their development; ey supporting details

Elements

- why individuals, s develop and interact of a text.
- cture of texts, including tences, paragraphs, and the text (e.g., a scene, or stanza) relate d the whole.

se in Texts

- pective or purpose ent and style of a text. ats
- ent presented in diverse ats, including visually y, as well as in words.
- ument and specific ncluding the validity of e credibility and accuracy of each source as well as the

relevance and sufficiency of the
evidence.
Comparison of Texts
 analyze and reflect on how two or more tasts address similar thereas an tasis
texts address similar themes or topics in
order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.
Writing Domain
Argumentative Writing
 write arguments to support claims in an
analysis of substantive topics or texts,
using valid reasoning and relevant and
sufficient evidence.
Informative and Explanatory Writing
 write informative/explanatory texts to
examine and convey complex ideas and
information clearly and accurately
through the effective selection,
organization, and analysis of content.
Narrative Writing
 write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using
imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details,
and well-structured event sequences.
Writing Process
 develop and strengthen writing as
needed by planning, revising, editing,
rewriting, and publishing.
Writing Research
 conduct short as well as more sustained
research projects, utilizing an inquiry-
based research process, based on
focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under
investigation.
Sources of Evidence
gather relevant information and evidence
from multiple sources to support
analysis, reflection, and research, while
assessing the credibility and accuracy of
each source, and integrating the
information while avoiding plagiarism.
Range of Writing
 write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and
frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a
single sitting or a day or two) for a range
of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
Speaking and Listening Domain
Participate Effectively
prepare for and participate effectively in
a range of conversations and
collaborations with diverse partners,
building on others' ideas and expressing
their own clearly and persuasively.

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	Integrate Information
	 integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and
	orally. Evaluate Speakers
	 evaluate a speaker's point of view,
	 evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.
	Present Information
	 present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and
	audience.
	 • make strategic use of digital media and
	visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.
	Adapt Speech
	 adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
District Le	arning Plan
Materials:	
HMH Into Reading Grade 5	
HMH Into Reading Grade 5Assessments	
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources 	
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources 	
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips 	
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tools 	
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips 	
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tools Online Literature Library Teacher created topics Reading Learning Plan:	Writing Learning Plan:
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tools Online Literature Library Teacher created topics Reading Learning Plan: Module 1 (Weeks 1-3)	Writing Learning Plan:
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tools Online Literature Library Teacher created topics Reading Learning Plan: Module 1 (Weeks 1-3) Government Must Fund Inventors 	 Journal Writing Activities
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tools Online Literature Library Teacher created topics Reading Learning Plan: Module 1 (Weeks 1-3) Government Must Fund Inventors (Persuasive) 	
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tools Online Literature Library Teacher created topics Reading Learning Plan: Module 1 (Weeks 1-3) Government Must Fund Inventors (Persuasive) The Inventor's Secret (Nar. Nonfiction) 	 Journal Writing Activities Expository Essay Narrative (Short Story)
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tools Online Literature Library Teacher created topics Reading Learning Plan: Module 1 (Weeks 1-3) Government Must Fund Inventors (Persuasive) The Inventor's Secret (Nar. Nonfiction) Winds of Hope (Nar. Nonfiction) 	 Journal Writing Activities Expository Essay Narrative (Short Story) Spelling/Vocabulary Plan:
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tools Online Literature Library Teacher created topics Reading Learning Plan: Module 1 (Weeks 1-3) Government Must Fund Inventors (Persuasive) The Inventor's Secret (Nar. Nonfiction) Winds of Hope (Nar. Nonfiction) Wheelchair Sports: Hang Glider to 	 Journal Writing Activities Expository Essay Narrative (Short Story) Spelling/Vocabulary Plan: Decoding
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tools Online Literature Library Teacher created topics Reading Learning Plan: Module 1 (Weeks 1-3) Government Must Fund Inventors (Persuasive) The Inventor's Secret (Nar. Nonfiction) Winds of Hope (Nar. Nonfiction) Wheelchair Sports: Hang Glider to Wheeler-Dealer (Informational) 	 Journal Writing Activities Expository Essay Narrative (Short Story) Spelling/Vocabulary Plan: Decoding Spelling/Fluency
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tools Online Literature Library Teacher created topics Reading Learning Plan: Module 1 (Weeks 1-3) Government Must Fund Inventors (Persuasive) The Inventor's Secret (Nar. Nonfiction) Winds of Hope (Nar. Nonfiction) Wheelchair Sports: Hang Glider to 	 Journal Writing Activities Expository Essay Narrative (Short Story) Spelling/Vocabulary Plan: Decoding Spelling/Fluency Greek roots
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tools Online Literature Library Teacher created topics Reading Learning Plan: Module 1 (Weeks 1-3) Government Must Fund Inventors (Persuasive) The Inventor's Secret (Nar. Nonfiction) Winds of Hope (Nar. Nonfiction) Wheelchair Sports: Hang Glider to Wheeler-Dealer (Informational) Captain Arsenio (Sci-fi/Fantasy) Module 2 (Weeks 1-3) Many Ways to Tell a Story (Informational) 	 Journal Writing Activities Expository Essay Narrative (Short Story) Spelling/Vocabulary Plan: Decoding Spelling/Fluency
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tools Online Literature Library Teacher created topics Reading Learning Plan: Module 1 (Weeks 1-3) Government Must Fund Inventors (Persuasive) The Inventor's Secret (Nar. Nonfiction) Winds of Hope (Nar. Nonfiction) Wheelchair Sports: Hang Glider to Wheeler-Dealer (Informational) Captain Arsenio (Sci-fi/Fantasy) Module 2 (Weeks 1-3) Many Ways to Tell a Story 	 Journal Writing Activities Expository Essay Narrative (Short Story) Spelling/Vocabulary Plan: Decoding Spelling/Fluency Greek roots Prefixes/Suffixes

 The Miracle of Spring (Play) The Poem That Will Not End (Poetry) Module 3 (Weeks 1-3) Who Studies Natural Disasters? (Friendly Letter/Nar. Nonfiction) Eruption! Volcanoes and the Science of Saving Lives Between the Glacier and the Sea: The Alaska Earthquake (Video) Quaking Earth, Racing Waves (Informational) 	
Hurricanes: The Science Behind Killer Storms	
Assessments: • Applying the Essential Question • Common Summative Assessments • Open-Ended Responses • Close Reading Activities • Teacher Observations • Teacher-Made Assessments/Projects Special Ed, 504, ELL, GT: • Small group instruction • Close Reading Workshop • Teacher Modeling • Computer resources (Internet/smartboard • Highlight key words/ concepts	1)
 Text to Speech Tool Review frequently using reinforcement st Review key concepts every paragraph or Read aloud 	-
 Group discussion Graphic organizers Simplify steps when writing essays Essay and Summary Scorer Extension activities 	
Extension activitiesIndependent practice in small groupsInternet activities	
Lesson Co	mponents
Interdisciplinar Whole Group-Close read, discuss cultural info enhancement	
Individual- Connect to literature through write	r's response

Science:

SCI.5-ESS1-2 - Represent data in graphical displays to reveal patterns of daily changes in length and direction of shadows, day and night, and the seasonal appearance of some stars in the night sky.

SCI.5.ESS2.A Earth's major systems are the geosphere (solid and molten rock, soil, and sediments), the hydrosphere (water and ice), the atmosphere (air), and the biosphere (living things, including humans). These systems interact in multiple ways to affect Earth's surface materials and processes. The ocean supports a variety of ecosystems and organisms, shapes landforms, and influences climate. Winds and clouds in the atmosphere interact with the landforms to determine patterns of weather.

Social Studies:

SOC.5-8.1.3.2 Assess the credibility of sources by identifying bias and prejudice in documents, media, and computer-generated information.

SOC.5-8.1 - What are effective strategies for accessing various sources of information and historical evidence, determining their validity, and using them to solve a problem or find a solution to a public policy question?

21st Century and Career Education

9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.

NJSLS Technology Standards:

8.1.8.A.1 Demonstrate knowledge of a real-world problem using digital tools.

Integration of 21st Century Skills: <u>Career Readiness, Life Literacy, and Key Skills</u>

⊠9.1 Personal Financial Literacy

Sinancial Health: Financial Psychology, Civic Financial Responsibility

□Financial Landscape: *Financial Institutions, Economic & Government Influences*

□Money Management: *Planning & Budgeting, Risk Management & Insurance, Credit and Debit Management, Credit Profile*

⊠9.2 Career Awareness and Planning

⊠9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

⊠Creativity and Innovation

⊠Critical Thinking and Problem Solving

 \circ \boxtimes Global and Cultural Awareness

Effective Integration of Technology: <u>Computer Science and Design Thinking & Life Literacies</u> and Key Skills

□ 8.1 Computer Science ⊠9.4 Design Thinking

⊠9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

☑ Digital Citizenship
 ☑ Information and Media Literacy
 ☑ Technology Literacy

Effective Integration of Media Arts: Visual and Performing Arts Performance Standards

⊠ 1.2 Media Arts

□Creating-Conceive, Develop, and/or Construct ⊠Performing-Integrate, Practice, and/or Present □Responding-Perceive, Evaluate, and/or Interpret □Connecting-Synthesize and/or Relate

Greenwich Stow Creek	Partnership School, Grade 5
Volume 2 Modules 4-6	45 Days
 demonstrate command of the convention Module 5: "Project Earth" Students will learn to: explain how caring for the Earth and its li write an argumentative spell words with final schwa + /l/ sounds, demonstrate the conventions of writing Module 6: "Art for Everyone" explain how different art forms impact pe write a personal narrative. 	CCV division pattern, and VV division pattern s of writing. ving things improves life now and in the future. and words adding -ed and -ing ople in different ways. ith suffixes -ful, -ly, -less, -ness, -ment, and words
	ing Targets ent Learning Standards
Focus Standards: Reading Literature:	

RL.CR.5.1. Quote accurately from a literary text when explaining what the text says explicitly and make relevant connections when drawing inferences from the text.

RL.CI.5.2. Determine the theme of a literary text (e.g., stories, plays or poetry) and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.

RL.IT.5.3. Analyze the impact of two or more individuals and events throughout the course of a text, comparing and contrasting two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific textual evidence (e.g., how characters interact).

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RI.TS.5.4. Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.

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- B. Plan appropriately to use specialized, topic-specific language appropriate for the audience, purpose and subject matter.
- C. Consider writing as a process, including self-evaluation, revision and editing.
- D. With adult and peer feedback, and digital or print tools such as a dictionary, thesaurus, and/or spell checker, evaluate whether the writing achieved its goal and make changes in content or form as necessary.

E. After initial drafting, expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, audience, and style. W.RW.5.7. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

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- D. Distinguish between frequently confused words.
- E. Use idiomatic language and choose words for effect; use punctuating for meaning and effect.
- F. Use punctuation to separate items in a series; use commas in a series of phrases or clauses.
- G. Use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence; use a comma to set off the words yes and no (e.g., Yes, thank you), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., It's true, isn't it?), and to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Emma?).
- H. Spell grade appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.

L.KL.5.1. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.

L.VL.5.2. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning academic and domainspecific words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

L.VI.5.3. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

Essential Questions	Enduring Understandings
 <u>Spelling</u> Why is it important to use correct spelling? How can usage of spelling rules and patterns improve written communication? 	Language Domain Reading Foundational Skills • Develop understanding and conceptual knowledge of phonics, syllabication patterns, letter-sound correspondences, word analysis, morphology, and other basic conventions of written English. Writing Foundational Skills

0	What are the benefits of using	 develop understanding and conceptual
	resources to improve your	acterep anderetarian.g and conception
	spelling?	knowledge of print, phonological processing, letter formation and handwriting, and other
Gramma		basic conventions of the English writing
	What is the purpose of	system.
	applying grammar and	Systems and Structures
	mechanics skills?	demonstrate command of grammar and
Reading		usage, capitalization, punctuation, and
	How do readers reflect and	spelling.
	respond?	Knowledge of Languages
	What connections do readers	 apply knowledge of language and command
	make?	of vocabulary to understand how language
	How does word choice impact	functions in different contexts, to make
	the overall meaning of the	effective choices for meaning or style, and to
	text?	comprehend more fully when reading or
	Why is determining the	listening.
	author's purpose key to	Vocabulary for Literal Meaning
	understanding what you	 determine the meaning of unknown and
	read?	multiple-meaning words using analysis of
	When you read, why is it	word parts (morphemes), word solving
	important to ask yourself,	strategies, and consulting general and
	"Why did the author write this	specialized reference materials, as
	piece?"	appropriate.
	How do details help you	Vocabulary for Interpretive Meaning
	understand the meaning of a	 interpret figurative and connotative word
	passage?	meanings, including shades of meaning
	Why is determining the	based on word relationships and context.
	central idea of a passage	
	important?	Reading Domain
0	How does determining the	Critical Reading
0	How does determining the central idea help you	Critical Readingread closely to determine what the text says
0	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read?	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and
0	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read? How does the point of view	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific
0	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read? How does the point of view influence how the event is	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to
0	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read? How does the point of view	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
• <u>Writing</u>	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read? How does the point of view influence how the event is told?	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. Central Ideas and Themes of Text
• <u>Writing</u>	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read? How does the point of view influence how the event is told? How do I write	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. Central Ideas and Themes of Text determine central ideas or themes of a text
• <u>Writing</u> •	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read? How does the point of view influence how the event is told? How do I write informative/explanatory texts	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. Central Ideas and Themes of Text determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize
• <u>Writing</u>	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read? How does the point of view influence how the event is told? How do I write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. Central Ideas and Themes of Text determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.
• <u>Writing</u>	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read? How does the point of view influence how the event is told? How do I write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. Central Ideas and Themes of Text determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. Interactions Among Text Elements
o o • <u>Writing</u> o	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read? How does the point of view influence how the event is told? How do I write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information clearly?	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. Central Ideas and Themes of Text determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. Interactions Among Text Elements analyze how and why individuals, events, and
• <u>Writing</u> • <u>0</u>	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read? How does the point of view influence how the event is told? How do I write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information clearly? How do I develop and	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. Central Ideas and Themes of Text determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. Interactions Among Text Elements
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• <u>Writing</u> • <u>0</u>	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read? How does the point of view influence how the event is told? How do I write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information clearly? How do I develop and analyze the topic to aid comprehension	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. Central Ideas and Themes of Text determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. Interactions Among Text Elements analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of
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• <u>Writing</u> • <u>0</u>	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read? How does the point of view influence how the event is told? How do I write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information clearly? How do I develop and analyze the topic to aid comprehension using: facts? definitions? co ncrete details? quotations? other	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. Central Ideas and Themes of Text determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. Interactions Among Text Elements analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text. Text Structure analyze the structure of texts, including how
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• <u>Writing</u> • <u>Writing</u> •	How does determining the central idea help you understand what you read? How does the point of view influence how the event is told? How do I write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information clearly? How do I develop and analyze the topic to aid comprehension using: facts? definitions? co ncrete details? quotations? other information and examples? graphics? multim edia? How do I draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection,	 Critical Reading read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text. Central Ideas and Themes of Text determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas. Interactions Among Text Elements analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text. Text Structure analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole. Perspectives and Purpose in Texts assess how perspective or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Speaking and Listening	synthesize content presented in diverse
 How can asking and 	media and formats, including visually and
answering questions support	quantitatively, as well as in words.
understanding?	Analysis of an Argument
• How can I add to a	 evaluate the argument and specific claims in
conversation?	a text, including the validity of the reasoning,
 Why is it important to 	the credibility and accuracy of each source as
describe people, places, things, and events with	well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.
details?	Comparison of Texts
	 analyze and reflect on how two or more texts
	address similar themes or topics in order to
	build knowledge or to compare the
	approaches the authors take.
	Writing Domain
	Argumentative Writing
	 write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substanting torsion or taxts.
	analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient
	evidence.
	Informative and Explanatory Writing
	 write informative/explanatory texts to examine
	and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective
	selection, organization, and analysis of
	content.
	Narrative Writing
	 write narratives to develop real or imagined
	experiences or events using effective
	technique, well-chosen details, and well-
	structured event sequences. Writing Process
	 develop and strengthen writing as needed by
	planning, revising, editing, rewriting, and
	publishing.
	Writing Research
	 conduct short as well as more sustained
	research projects, utilizing an inquiry-based
	research process, based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of
	the subject under investigation.
	Sources of Evidence
	gather relevant information and evidence from
	multiple sources to support analysis,
	reflection, and research, while assessing the
	credibility and accuracy of each source, and
	integrating the information while avoiding plagiarism.
	Range of Writing
	write routinely over extended time frames
	(time for research, reflection, and revision)
	and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a
	day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes,
	and audiences.
	Speaking and Listening Domain

	Participate Effectively
	 Participate Effectively prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. Integrate Information integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. Evaluate Speakers evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric. Present Information present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. Use Media make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations. Adapt Speech adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
District	Learning Plan
Materials:	
 HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tool Online Literature Library Teacher created topics 	
 Reading Learning Plan: Module 4 (Weeks 1-3) Reasons for Westward Expansion (Informational) Explore the Wild West! (Informational) The Celestials' Railroad (Informational) Homesteading (Video) A Pioneer Sampler (Hist. Fiction) Module 5 (Weeks 1-3) The Protective Power of Nature Preserves (Informational) 	Writing Learning Plan: Journal Writing Activities Informational Letter Argumentative (Editorial) Personal Narrative Spelling/Vocabulary Plan: Decoding Spelling/Fluency Suffixes Adding -ed and -ing

	inary Connections
	Components
 Special Ed, 504, ELL, GT: Small group instruction Close Reading Workshop Teacher Modeling Computer resources (Internet/smartboa Highlight key words/ concepts Text to Speech Tool Review frequently using reinforcement s Review key concepts every paragraph of Read aloud Group discussion Graphic organizers Simplify steps when writing essays Essay and Summary Scorer Extension activities Independent practice in small groups Internet activities 	strategies
 Assessments: Applying the Essential Question Writing Rubric Online Selection Tests Open-Ended Responses Close Reading Activities Teacher-Made Assessments/Projects 	
 Living Green (Play) The Good Garden (Realistic Fiction) Module 6 (Weeks 1-3) Let's Get Creative (Infographic) Christo and Jeanne-Claude (Informational) Rita Moreno (Biography) Play, Louis, Play! (Fictionalized Biography) Phillis's Big Test (Biography) 	

Social Studies:

6.1.8.B.3.a - Assess how conflicts and alliances among European countries and Native American groups impacted the expansion of the American colonies.

6.3.8.CS7 - Recognize that the actions or inactions of individuals, groups, and nations can have intended and unintended consequences.

6.3.8.CS2 - Recognize the value of cultural diversity, as well as the potential for misunderstanding.

Science:

SCI.5.LS2.B - Cycles of Matter and Energy Transfer in Ecosystems Matter cycles between the air and soil and among plants, animals, and microbes as these organisms live environment, and release waste matter (gas, liquid, or solid) back into the environment.

21st Century and Career Education

9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.

NJSLS Technology Standards:

8.1.8.A.1 Demonstrate knowledge of a real-world problem using digital tools.

Integration of 21st Century Skills: Career Readiness, Life Literacy, and Key Skills

⊠9.1 Personal Financial Literacy

Sinancial Health: Financial Psychology, Civic Financial Responsibility

□Financial Landscape: Financial Institutions, Economic & Government Influences

□Money Management: Planning & Budgeting, Risk Management & Insurance, Credit and Debit Management, Credit Profile

⊠9.2 Career Awareness and Planning

⊠9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

⊠Creativity and Innovation

⊠Critical Thinking and Problem Solving

 \circ \boxtimes Global and Cultural Awareness

Effective Integration of Technology: <u>Computer Science and Design Thinking & Life Literacies</u> and Key Skills

□ 8.1 Computer Science ⊠9.4 Design Thinking

⊠9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

☑ Digital Citizenship
 ☑ Information and Media Literacy
 ☑ Technology Literacy

Effective Integration of Media Arts: Visual and Performing Arts Performance Standards

⊠ 1.2 Media Arts

⊠Creating-Conceive, Develop, and/or Construct Performing-Integrate, Practice, and/or Present Responding-Perceive, Evaluate, and/or Interpret Connecting-Synthesize and/or Relate

Volume 3 Modules 7-9	45 Days
Module 7: "Above, Below, and Beyond"	
Students will learn to:	
 explain the role curiosity plays in explora 	ation.
• write a research report	
 spell words with final stable syllables, ur unstressed syllables 	nstressed final syllables, and words with
 demonstrate command of the conventio 	ns of writing.
Module 8: "A New Home"	
Students will learn to:	
 explain how people adapt to new experi 	ences and make a new place home.
• write a poem	
 spell words with homophones and prefix 	
 demonstrate command of the conventio 	ns of writing.
Module 9: "Unexpected, Unexplained" Students will learn to:	
	ous, and what makes people want to solve
mysteries.	sus, and what makes people want to solve
 write an imaginative story 	
 spell words with prefixes and suffixes. 	
 demonstrate command of the conventio 	ns of writing.
	-
	ng Targets Int Learning Standards

Reading Literature:

RL.CR.5.1. Quote accurately from a literary text when explaining what the text says explicitly and make relevant connections when drawing inferences from the text.

RL.CI.5.2. Determine the theme of a literary text (e.g., stories, plays or poetry) and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.

RL.IT.5.3. Analyze the impact of two or more individuals and events throughout the course of a text, comparing and contrasting two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific textual evidence (e.g., how characters interact).

RL.TS.5.4. Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem.

RL.PP.5.5. Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described, and how that may influence the reader's interpretation.

Reading Informational Text:

RI.CR.5.1. Quote accurately from an informational text when explaining what the text says explicitly and make relevant connections when drawing inferences from the text.

RI.CI.5.2. Determine the central idea of an informational text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.

RI.CT.5.8. Compare and contrast the authors' approaches across two or more informational texts within the same genre or about texts on the same or similar topics.

Writing:

W.IW.5.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

- A. Introduce a topic clearly to provide a focus and group related information logically; include text features such as headings, illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aid in comprehension.
- B. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.
- C. Link ideas within paragraphs and sections of information using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., in contrast, especially).
- D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- E. Provide a conclusion related to the information of explanation presented.

W.NW.5.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.

- A. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
- B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
- C. Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events.
- D. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
- E. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.

W.WP.5.4. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

- A. Consider audience, purpose, and intent before writing.
- B. Plan appropriately to use specialized, topic-specific language appropriate for the audience, purpose and subject matter.
- C. Consider writing as a process, including self-evaluation, revision and editing.
- D. With adult and peer feedback, and digital or print tools such as a dictionary, thesaurus, and/or spell checker, evaluate whether the writing achieved its goal and make changes in content or form as necessary.
- E. After initial drafting, expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, audience, and style.

W.RW.5.7. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Speaking and Listening:

SL.PE.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

- A. Explicitly draw on previously read text or material and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
- B. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.
- C. Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others.
- D. Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions.

SL.II.5.2. Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally).

SL.PI.5.4. Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.

SL.AS.5.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to task and situation.

Language:

L.RF.5.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding and encoding words; use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context

L.RF.5.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.

- A. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
- B. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression.
- C. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

L.WF.5.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of writing, including those listed under grade four foundational skills.

- A. Avoid fragments, run-ons and rambling sentences, and comma splices.
- B. Maintain consistency in verb tense; place phrases and clauses; choose between adjectives and adverbs.
- C. Ensure agreement between subject and verb and between pronoun and antecedent.
- D. Distinguish between frequently confused words.
- E. Use idiomatic language and choose words for effect; use punctuating for meaning and effect.
- F. Use punctuation to separate items in a series; use commas in a series of phrases or clauses.
- G. Use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence; use a comma to set off the words yes and no (e.g., Yes, thank you), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., It's true, isn't it?), and to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Emma?).
- H. Spell grade appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.

L.VL.5.2. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning academic and domain-specific words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

L.VI.5.3. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

Essential Questions	Enduring Understandings
• <u>Spelling</u>	Language Domain Reading Foundational Skills

0	Why is it important to use	Develop understanding and conceptual
	correct spelling?	knowledge of phonics, syllabication
0	How can usage of spelling	patterns, letter-sound correspondences,
	rules and patterns improve	word analysis, morphology, and other
	written communication?	basic conventions of written English.
0	What are the benefits of using	Writing Foundational Skills
	resources to improve your	 develop understanding and conceptual
	spelling?	knowledge of print, phonological
Gramm		processing, letter formation and
0	What is the purpose of	handwriting, and other basic conventions
	applying grammar and	of the English writing system.
	mechanics skills?	Systems and Structures
Readin		 demonstrate command of grammar and
0	How do readers reflect and	usage, capitalization, punctuation, and
	respond?	spelling.
0	What connections do readers	Knowledge of Languages
	make?	 apply knowledge of language and
0	How does word choice impact	command of vocabulary to understand
	the overall meaning of the	how language functions in different
	text?	contexts, to make effective choices for
0	Why is determining the	meaning or style, and to comprehend
	author's purpose key to	more fully when reading or listening.
	understanding what you	Vocabulary for Literal Meaning
	read?	 determine the meaning of unknown and
0	When you read, why is it	multiple-meaning words using analysis
	important to ask yourself,	of word parts (morphemes), word solving
	"Why did the author write this	strategies, and consulting general and
	piece?"	specialized reference materials, as
0	How do details help you	appropriate.
	understand the meaning of a	Vocabulary for Interpretive Meaning
	passage?	 interpret figurative and connotative word
0	Why is determining the	meanings, including shades of meaning
	central idea of a passage	based on word relationships and
	important?	context.
0	How does determining the	
	central idea help you	Reading Domain
	understand what you read?	Critical Reading
0	How does the point of view	 read closely to determine what the text
	influence how the event is	says explicitly and to make logical
	told?	inferences and relevant connections
Writing		from it; cite specific textual evidence
0	How do I write	when writing or speaking to support
	informative/explanatory texts	conclusions drawn from the text.
	to examine a topic and	Central Ideas and Themes of Text
	convey ideas, concepts, and	 determine central ideas or themes of a
	information clearly?	text and analyze their development;
0	How do I develop and	summarize the key supporting details
	analyze the topic to aid	and ideas.
	comprehension	Interactions Among Text Elements
	using: facts? definitions? co	 analyze how and why individuals,
	ncrete	events, and ideas develop and interact
	details? quotations? other	over the course of a text.
	information and	Text Structure
	examples? graphics? multim	analyze the structure of texts, including
	edia?	how specific sentences, paragraphs, and
		now specific sentences, paragraphs, and

 How do I draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research? 	larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole. Perspectives and Purpose in Texts • assess how perspective or purpose
	shapes the content and style of a text.
 <u>Speaking and Listening</u> O How can asking and 	 Diverse Media and Formats synthesize content presented in diverse
answering questions support understanding? o How can I add to a	media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words. Analysis of an Argument
conversation?	evaluate the argument and specific
 Why is it important to describe people, places, things, and events with details? 	claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning, the credibility and accuracy of each source as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.
	Comparison of Texts
	 analyze and reflect on how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take. Writing Domain
	Argumentative Writing
	 write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
	Informative and Explanatory Writing
	 write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. Narrative Writing
	 write narratives to develop real or
	imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
	 Writing Process develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing,
	rewriting, and publishing. Writing Research
	 conduct short as well as more sustained research projects, utilizing an inquiry- based research process, based on
	focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. Sources of Evidence
	gather relevant information and evidence
	from multiple sources to support analysis, reflection, and research, while assessing the credibility and accuracy of

	 each source, and integrating the information while avoiding plagiarism. Range of Writing write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
	 Speaking and Listening Domain Participate Effectively prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. Integrate Information
	 integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. Evaluate Speakers evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.
	 Present Information present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
	 Use Media make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations. Adapt Speech adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
District Le	earning Plan

Materials:

- HMH Into Reading Grade 5
- Assessments
- Teacher Resources
- Online Resources
- Video Clips
- •
- Close Reading Tool Online Literature Library Teacher created topics •
- •

Lesson Components

Interdisciplinary Connections

Whole Group-Close read, discuss cultural information for reading comprehension enhancement

Individual- Connect to literature through writer's response

Social Studies:

SOC.6.2.8 - All students will acquire the knowledge and skills to think analytically and systematically about how past interactions of people, cultures, and the environment affect issues across time and cultures. Such knowledge and skills enable students to make informed decisions as socially and ethically responsible world citizens in the 21st century.

SOC.6.3.8 - Active Citizenship in the 21st Century: All students will acquire the skills needed to be active, informed citizens who value diversity and promote cultural understanding by working collaboratively to address the challenges that are inherent in living in an interconnected world.

Science:

SCI.5-ESS3-1 - Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources, environment, and address climate change issues. **SCI.5-ESS2-1** - Develop a model using an example to describe ways the geosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere, and/or atmosphere interact.

21st Century and Career Education

9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.

NJSLS Technology Standards:

8.1.8.A.1 Demonstrate knowledge of a real-world problem using digital tools.

Integration of 21st Century Skills: Career Readiness, Life Literacy, and Key Skills

⊠9.1 Personal Financial Literacy

Sinancial Health: Financial Psychology, Civic Financial Responsibility

□Financial Landscape: Financial Institutions, Economic & Government Influences

□Money Management: *Planning & Budgeting, Risk Management & Insurance, Credit and Debit Management, Credit Profile*

⊠9.2 Career Awareness and Planning

☑ 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills ☑ Creativity and Innovation ☑ Critical Thinking and Problem Solving

 \circ \square Global and Cultural Awareness

Effective Integration of Technology: <u>Computer Science and Design Thinking & Life</u> <u>Literacies and Key Skills</u>

□ 8.1 Computer Science⊠9.4 Design Thinking

⊠9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

□Digital Citizenship
 ⊠Information and Media Literacy
 □Technology Literacy

Effective Integration of Media Arts: Visual and Performing Arts Performance Standards

⊠ 1.2 Media Arts

☑ Creating-Conceive, Develop, and/or Construct
 ☑ Performing-Integrate, Practice, and/or Present
 ☑ Responding-Perceive, Evaluate, and/or Interpret
 ☑ Connecting-Synthesize and/or Relate

Greenwich Stow Creek Partnership School, Grade 5		
Volume 4 Modules 10-12	45 Days	
Module 10: "The Lives of Animals"		
Students will learn to:		
 explain what we can learn about ourselves by observing and interacting with animals. write an argumentative letter 		
 spell words with Latin roots and suffixes 		
 demonstrate command of the conventions of writing. 		
Module 11: "Genre Study: Nonfiction"		
Students will learn to:		
 explain the characteristics of informational 	al texts.	
write a realistic story		
• spell words ending with -ed or -ing and recognize base words with spelling changes.		
demonstrate command of the conventions of writing.		
Module 12: "Genre Study: Realistic Fiction"		
Students will learn to:		
 explain the characteristics of realistic fiction 	on	
 write a narrative poem 		
 spell words suffixes. 		

• demonstrate command of the conventions of writing.

Learning Targets New Jersey Student Learning Standards

Focus Standards: Reading Literature:

RL.Cl.5.2. Determine the theme of a literary text (e.g., stories, plays or poetry) and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.

RL.MF.5.6. Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem).

Reading Informational Text:

RI.CR.5.1. Quote accurately from an informational text when explaining what the text says explicitly and make relevant connections when drawing inferences from the text.

RI.CI.5.2. Determine the central idea of an informational text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.

RI.TS.5.4. Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.

Writing:

W.IW.5.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

- A. Introduce a topic clearly to provide a focus and group related information logically; include text features such as headings, illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aid in comprehension.
- B. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.
- C. Link ideas within paragraphs and sections of information using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., in contrast, especially).
- D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- E. Provide a conclusion related to the information of explanation presented.

W.NW.5.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.

- A. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
- B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
- C. Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events.
- D. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
- E. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.

W.WP.5.4. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

- A. Consider audience, purpose, and intent before writing.
- B. Plan appropriately to use specialized, topic-specific language appropriate for the audience, purpose and subject matter.
- C. Consider writing as a process, including self-evaluation, revision and editing.
- D. With adult and peer feedback, and digital or print tools such as a dictionary, thesaurus, and/or spell checker, evaluate whether the writing achieved its goal and make changes in content or form as necessary.

E. After initial drafting, expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, audience, and style.

W.WR.5.5. Establish a central idea about a topic, investigation, issue or event and use several sources to support the proposed central idea.

W.SE.5.6. Gather relevant information from multiple valid and reliable print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, making note of any similarities and differences among ideas presented; and provide a list of sources.

W.RW.5.7. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Speaking and Listening:

SL.PE.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

- A. Explicitly draw on previously read text or material and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
- B. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.
- C. Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others.
- D. Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions.

SL.II.5.2. Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally).

SL.PI.5.4. Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.

SL.AS.5.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to task and situation.

Language:

L.RF.5.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding and encoding words; use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.

L.RF.5.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.

- A. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
- B. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression.
- C. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

L.WF.5.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of writing, including those listed under grade four foundational skills.

- A. Avoid fragments, run-ons and rambling sentences, and comma splices.
- B. Maintain consistency in verb tense; place phrases and clauses; choose between adjectives and adverbs.
- C. Ensure agreement between subject and verb and between pronoun and antecedent.
- D. Distinguish between frequently confused words.
- E. Use idiomatic language and choose words for effect; use punctuating for meaning and effect.
- F. Use punctuation to separate items in a series; use commas in a series of phrases or clauses.
- G. Use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence; use a comma to set off the words yes and no (e.g., Yes, thank you), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., It's true, isn't it?), and to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Emma?).
- H. Spell grade appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.

L.KL.5.1. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.

- A. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases.
- B. Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
- C. Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g., dialects, registers) used in stories, dramas, or poems.

L.VL.5.2. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning academic and domain-specific words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

- A. Use context (e.g., cause/effect relationships and comparisons in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- B. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., photograph, photosynthesis).
- C. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.

L.VI.5.3. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

- A. Interpret figurative language, including similes and metaphors, in context.
- B. Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.
- C. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words.

Essential Questions	Enduring Understandings
 <u>Spelling</u> Why is it important to use correct spelling? How can usage of spelling rules and patterns improve written communication? What are the benefits of using resources to improve your spelling? <u>Grammar</u> What is the purpose of applying grammar and 	Language Domain Reading Foundational Skills Develop understanding and conceptual knowledge of phonics, syllabication patterns, letter-sound correspondences, word analysis, morphology, and other basic conventions of written English. Writing Foundational Skills develop understanding and conceptual knowledge of print, phonological processing, letter formation and handwriting, and other basic conventions
mechanics skills?Reading	of the English writing system. Systems and Structures
 How do readers reflect and respond? What connections do readers 	 demonstrate command of grammar and usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling.
 make? How does word choice impact the overall meaning of the text? Why is determining the 	 Knowledge of Languages apply knowledge of language and command of vocabulary to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for
author's purpose key to understanding what you read? • When you read, why is it important to ask yourself, "Why did the author write this	 meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. Vocabulary for Literal Meaning determine the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words using analysis
piece?"	of word parts (morphemes), word solving strategies, and consulting general and

 How do details help you 	specialized reference materials, as
understand the meaning of a	appropriate.
passage?	Vocabulary for Interpretive Meaning
 Why is determining the 	 interpret figurative and connotative word
central idea of a passage	meanings, including shades of meaning
important?	based on word relationships and
 How does determining the 	context.
central idea help you	
understand what you read?	Reading Domain
 How does the point of view 	Critical Reading
influence how the event is	 read closely to determine what the text
told?	says explicitly and to make logical
Writing	inferences and relevant connections
○ How do I write	from it; cite specific textual evidence
informative/explanatory texts	when writing or speaking to support
to examine a topic and	conclusions drawn from the text.
convey ideas, concepts, and	Central Ideas and Themes of Text
information clearly?	
	 determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development;
	text and analyze their development;
analyze the topic to aid	summarize the key supporting details
comprehension	and ideas.
using: facts? definitions? co	Interactions Among Text Elements
	 analyze how and why individuals,
details? quotations? other	events, and ideas develop and interact
information and	over the course of a text.
examples? graphics? multim	Text Structure
edia?	 analyze the structure of texts, including
• How do I draw evidence from	how specific sentences, paragraphs, and
literary or informational texts	larger portions of the text (e.g., a
to support analysis, reflection,	section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate
and research?	to each other and the whole.
 Speaking and Listening 	Perspectives and Purpose in Texts
 How can asking and 	 assess how perspective or purpose
answering questions support	shapes the content and style of a text.
understanding?	Diverse Media and Formats
 How can I add to a 	synthesize content presented in diverse
conversation?	media and formats, including visually
 Why is it important to 	and quantitatively, as well as in words.
describe people, places,	Analysis of an Argument
things, and events with	evaluate the argument and specific
details?	claims in a text, including the validity of
	the reasoning, the credibility and
	accuracy of each source as well as the
	relevance and sufficiency of the
	evidence.
	Comparison of Texts
	analyze and reflect on how two or more
	texts address similar themes or topics in
	order to build knowledge or to compare
	the approaches the authors take.
	Writing Domain
	Argumentative Writing
	 write arguments to support claims in an
	analysis of substantive topics or texts,

using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
Informative and Explanatory Writing
 write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately
through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
Narrative Writing
write narratives to develop real or
effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
Writing Process
 develop and strengthen writing as
needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, and publishing.
Writing Research
 conduct short as well as more sustained
research projects, utilizing an inquiry-
based research process, based on
focused questions, demonstrating
understanding of the subject under
investigation.
Sources of Evidence
 gather relevant information and evidence
from multiple sources to support
analysis, reflection, and research, while assessing the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrating the
information while avoiding plagiarism. Range of Writing
 write routinely over extended time
frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a
single sitting or a day or two) for a range
of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
Speaking and Listening Domain
Participate Effectively
prepare for and participate effectively in
a range of conversations and
collaborations with diverse partners,
building on others' ideas and expressing
their own clearly and persuasively. Integrate Information
integrate and evaluate information
presented in diverse media and formats,
including visually, quantitatively, and
orally.
Evaluate Speakers
 evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and
reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.
Present Information

	 present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. Use Media make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations. Adapt Speech adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
District Lea	arning Plan
Materials: HMH Into Reading Grade 5 Assessments Teacher Resources Online Resources Video Clips Close Reading Tool Online Literature Library Teacher created topics	
 Reading Learning Plan: Module 10 (Weeks 1-3) Why We Watch Animals (Informational) Willie B.: A Story of Hope (Nar. Nonfiction) National Geographic: Dolphin Parenting (Video) Can We Be Friends? (Informational) Winter Bees and Other Poems of the Cold (Poetry/Informational) Winter Bees and Other Poems of the Cold (Poetry/Informational) Module 11 (Weeks 1-3) Genre Study: Informational Text Genre Study: Persuasive Text Module 12 (Weeks 1-3) Genre Study: Realistic Fiction Genre Study: Play Genre Study: Mystery 	 Writing Learning Plan: Journal Writing Activities Argumentative Poetry Writing Narrative Writing Spelling/Vocabulary Plan: Decoding Spelling/Fluency Suffixes/Latin Roots
Assessments: • Applying the Essential Question • Online Selection Tests • Open-Ended Responses	

- Close Reading Activities
- Teacher-Made Assessments/Projects

Special Ed, 504, ELL, GT:

- Small group instruction
- Close Reading Workshop
- Teacher Modeling
- Computer resources (Internet/smartboard)
- Highlight key words/ concepts
- Text to Speech Tool
- Review frequently using reinforcement strategies
- Review key concepts every paragraph or two
- Read aloud
- Group discussion
- Graphic organizers
- Simplify steps when writing essays
- Essay and Summary Scorer
- Extension activities
- Independent practice in small groups
- Internet activities

Lesson Components

Interdisciplinary Connections

Whole Group-Close read, discuss cultural information for reading comprehension enhancement

Individual- Connect to literature through writer's response

Social Studies:

6.3.8.CS8 - Challenge unfair viewpoints and behaviors by taking action.

6.3.8.CS7 - Recognize that the actions or inactions of individuals, groups, and nations can have intended and unintended consequences.

6.3.8.CS5 - Collaboratively develop and practice strategies for managing and resolving conflict.

6.3.8.CS2 - Recognize the value of cultural diversity, as well as the potential for misunderstanding.

Science:

SCI.5.LS1.C - Organization for Matter and Energy Flow in Organisms Food provides animals with the materials they need for body repair and growth and the energy they need to maintain body warmth and for motion.

21st Century and Career Education

9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.

NJSLS Technology Standards:

8.1.8.A.1 Demonstrate knowledge of a real-world problem using digital tools.

Integration of 21st Century Skills: Career Readiness, Life Literacy, and Key Skills

⊠9.1 Personal Financial Literacy
Sinancial Health: Financial Psychology, Civic Financial Responsibility
□Financial Landscape: Financial Institutions, Economic & Government Influences
Money Management: Planning & Budgeting, Risk Management & Insurance, Credit and Debit Management, Credit Profile
⊠9.2 Career Awareness and Planning
⊠9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills ⊠Creativity and Innovation ⊠Critical Thinking and Problem Solving ○ ⊠Global and Cultural Awareness Effective Integration of Technology: Computer Science and Design Thinking & Life
Literacies and Key Skills
 □ 8.1 Computer Science ☑ 9.4 Design Thinking
 ☑ 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills □ Digital Citizenship ☑ Information and Media Literacy □ Technology Literacy
Effective Integration of Media Arts: <u>Visual and Performing Arts Performance Standards</u>
 ☑ 1.2 Media Arts ☑ Creating-Conceive, Develop, and/or Construct ☑ Performing-Integrate, Practice, and/or Present ☑ Responding-Perceive, Evaluate, and/or Interpret ☑ Connecting-Synthesize and/or Relate
4-5 Text Exemplars

Taken from New Jersey Student Learning Standards for English Language Arts for English Language Arts—Appendix B

Excerpts from the following text are available on-line:

http://www.corestandards.org/assets/Appendix_B.pdf

Grades 4–5 Text Exemplars

Stories

Carroll, Lewis. Alice's Adventures in Wonderland Burnett, Frances Hodgson. The Secret Garden Farley, Walter. The Black Stallion Saint-Exupery, Antoine de. The Little Prince Babbitt, Natalie. Tuck Everlasting Singer, Isaac Bashevis. "Zlateh the Goat." Hamilton, Virginia. M. C. Higgins, the Great Erdrich, Louise. The Birchbark House Curtis, Christopher Paul. Bud, Not Buddy Lin, Grace. Where the Mountain Meets the Moon

Poetry

Blake, William. "The Echoing Green." Lazarus, Emma. "The New Colossus." Thayer, Ernest Lawrence. "Casey at the Bat." Dickinson, Emily. "A Bird Came Down the Walk." Sandburg, Carl. "Fog." Frost, Robert. "Dust of Snow." Dahl, Roald. "Little Red Riding Hood and the Wolf." Nichols, Grace. "They Were My People." Mora, Pat. "Words Free As Confetti." Sample Performance Tasks for Stories and Poetry

Informational Texts

Berger, Melvin. Discovering Mars: The Amazing Story of the Red Planet Carlisle, Madelyn Wood. Let's Investigate Marvelously Meaningful Maps Lauber, Patricia. Hurricanes: Earth's Mightiest Storms Otfinoski, Steve. The Kid's Guide to Money: Earning It, Saving It, Spending It, Growing It, Sharing It Wulffson, Don. Toys!: Amazing Stories Behind Some Great Inventions Schleichert, Elizabeth. "Good Pet, Bad Pet." Kavash, E. Barrie. "Ancient Mound Builders." Koscielniak, Bruce. About Time: A First Look at Time and Clocks Banting, Erinn. England the Land Hakim, Joy. A History of US Ruurs, Margriet. My Librarian Is a Camel: How Books Are Brought to Children Around the World Simon, Seymour. Horses Montgomery, Sy. Quest for the Tree Kangaroo: An Expedition to the Cloud Forest of New Guinea Simon, Seymour. Volcanoes Nelson, Kadir. We Are the Ship: The Story of Negro League Baseball Cutler, Nellie Gonzalez. "Kenya's Long Dry Season." Hall, Leslie. "Seeing Eye to Eye." Ronan, Colin A. "Telescopes." Buckmaster, Henrietta. "Underground Railroad."